# SAFETY DATA SHEET



# 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: Aluma Brite Plus

Product Use: Cleaner

Not recommended for: Direct contact with glass

Generic Names/Synonyms (A.K.A.):

Product Code: 105812-2553

Reference #: 5691

Manufacturer:

1<sup>st</sup> Ayd Corporation 1325 Gateway Drive Elgin, IL 60124 For More Information Call: 847-622-0001

(M-F/8AM-4PM)

24 Hour Emergency: 800-255-3924

### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

# **HAZARD SUMMARY:**

>Extremely corrosive and destructive to tissue.

➤ Specialized medical treatment is required for all exposures.

>May be fatal if inhaled, absorbed through skin, or swallowed.

GHS Ratings: GHS Classification Scale (1= severe hazard; 4= slight hazard)

Dermal Toxicity	Acute Tox. 2	Dermal>50+<=200mg/kg
Inhalation Toxicity	Acute Tox. 3	Gases>500+<=2500ppm, Vapors>2+<=10mg/l, Dusts&mists>0.5+<=1mg/l
Skin corrosive	1A	Destruction of dermal tissue: Exposure < 3 min. Observation < 1 hour, visible necrosis in at least one animal
Eye corrosive	1	Serious eye damage: Irreversible damage 21 days after
Respiratory sensitizer Skin sensitizer	1 1	exposure, Draize score: Corneal opacity >= 3, Iritis > 1.5 Respiratory sensitizer Skin sensitizer
Mutagen	2	Suspected/Possible: May include heritable mutations in
		human germ cells, Positive evidence from tests in mammals and somatic cell tests, In vivo somatic geno-toxicity supported by in vitro mutagenicity
Reproductive toxin	2	Human or animal evidence possibly with other information
Corrosive to metals Category	1	

SDS Revision: 07 Generated: 06-15-2015 Page **1** of **9** 

GHS Hazards		CUS Dracoviis			
	gave a la la	GHS Precaution	one of the control of		
H310	Fatal in contact with skin		ary Statement(s) - Prevention		
H314	Causes severe skin burns and	P201	Obtain special instructions before use		
	eye damage	P202	Do not handle until all safety		
H317	May cause an allergic skin		precautions have been read and		
	reaction		understood		
H318	Causes serious eye damage	P260	Do not breathe		
H331	Toxic if inhaled		dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray		
H334	May cause allergy or asthma				
	symptoms or breathing difficulties	D004	NA		
H341	if inhaled	P264 P271	Wash skin thoroughly after handling		
11041	Suspected of causing genetic defects	P2/1	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated		
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or	P272	area		
11001	the unborn child	F212	Contaminated work clothing should not		
H290	May be corrosive to metal	D200	be allowed out of the workplace		
11230	May be corrosive to metal	P280	Wear protective gloves/protective		
		D004	clothing/eye protection/face protection		
		P281	Use personal protective equipment as		
		Door	required		
		P285	In case of inadequate ventilation wear		
		D004	respiratory protection		
		P321	Specific treatment (see SDS on this label)		
		P363	Wash contaminated clothing before		
		CUC Descention	reuse		
		GHS - Precautionary Statement(s) - Response P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do			
	•	13017F3307F331	NOT induce vomiting		
		P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with soap and water		
		P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off		
			immediately all contaminated clothing.		
			Rinse skin with water/shower		
		P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air		
			and keep at rest in a position		
			comfortable for breathing		
		P304+P341	IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult,		
			remove victim to fresh air and keep at		
			rest in a position comfortable for		
			breathing		
		P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse continuously with		
			water for several minutes. Remove		
			contact lenses if present and easy to do – continue rinsing		
		P308+P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical		
		1 000 11 010	advice/attention		
		P342+P311	Call a POISON CENTER or		
		. 5 . 2 . 1 . 5 . 1	doctor/physician		
		CUC Deconition			
		P234	iry Statement(s) – Storage Keep only in original container.		
		P405	Store locked up		
		P403+P233	Store in a well ventilated place. Keep		
			container tightly closed		
			ary Statement(s) - Disposal		
		P501	Dispose of contents/container in		

accordance with applicable local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.

### Danger



# ACCUTE TOXICITY: Signs & Symptoms of Exposure

Eyes: Burns, pain, watering eyes.

Inhalation: Burning, choking, coughing, wheezing, laryngitis, shortness of breath, headache or nausea.

Skin: Burning, irritation

Ingestion: Severe and rapid corrosive burns of the mouth, gullet and gastrointestinal tract, burning, choking,

nausea, vomiting and severe pain.

**Acute Toxicity:** Health studies have shown that chemical exposure may cause potential human health risks which may vary from person to person. There is no precise acute toxicity data available for this product.

CHRONIC EFFECTS: May cause Fluorosis or hypocalcaemia

### 3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name / CAS No.	OSHA Exposure Limits	ACGIH Exposure Limits	F) NIOSH: 3 ppm TWA; 2.5 mg/m3 TWA F) 6 ppm Colling (15 min)
Hydrofluoric acid 7664-39-3 < 10 %	3 ppm TWA (as F)	2 ppm Ceiling (as F) 0.5 ppm TWA (as F) Absorbed through skin.	
Sulfuric acid 7664-93-9 < 20%	1 mg/m3 TWA	0.2 mg/m3 TWA (thoracic fraction)	NIOSH: 1 mg/m3 TWA
Phosphoric acid 7664-38-2 < 5%	1 mg/m3 TWA	3 mg/m3 STEL 1 mg/m3 TWA	NIOSH: 1 mg/m3 TWA 3 mg/m3 STEL
*Trade Secret/Proprietary Blend ≤ 9 %	N/A	N/A	N/A
Water 7732-18-5 N/A Balance %		N/A	N/A

\*The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret: As per paragraph (i) of 29 CFR 1910.1200, formulation could be considered a trade secret and specific chemical identity and exact percentage (concentration) of composition may have been withheld. Specific chemical identity and exact percentage composition will be provided to health professionals, employees, or designated representatives in accordance with applicable provisions of paragraph (i).

TWA: Time Weighted Average over 8 hours of work. TLV: Threshold Limit Value over 8 hours of work.

REL: Recommended Exposure Limit PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit during x minutes. IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health

CEIL: Ceiling

SDS Revision: 07 Generated: 06-15-2015 Page **3** of **9** 

### 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

**INHALATION:** Move casualty to fresh air and keep at rest. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately.

**EYE CONTACT:** In case of eye contact, immediately rinse with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and seek medical attention immediately. Cold water may be used. Keep the eyelids apart and away from the eyeballs during irrigation. Do not use oily drops or ointment or HF skin burn treatments on the eyes. Get medical attention immediately, preferably an eye specialist. Place ice pack on eyes until reaching emergency room.

SKIN CONTACT: Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Cold water may be used. Material is absorbed through the skin. Get medical attention immediately. While waiting for medical attention, it has been shown that flushing the affected area with water for 1-5 minute and then massaging HF Antidote Gel into the wound until there is a cessation of pain is a most effective first aid treatment. HF Antidote Gel contains Calcium Gluconate which combines with HF for insoluble Calcium Fluoride, thus preventing the extraction of calcium from the body tissue and bones. Another alternative first aid treatment, after thorough washing of the burned area, is to immerse the burned area in a solution of 0.2% iced aqueous Hyamine 1622 or 0.13% iced aqueous Zephiran Chloride. If immersion is impractical, towels could be soaked with one of the above solutions and used as compresses for the burn area. Hyamine 1622 is a trade name for Tetracaine Benzethonium Chloride. Zephiran is a trade name for Benzalkonium Chloride.

**INGESTION:** Do Not Induce Vomiting! Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If conscious, wash out mouth with water. Get medical attention immediately.

# 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

**FLAMMABLE LIMITS:** Product is not flammable. Use appropriate media for adjacent fire. Cool containers with water, keep away from common metals.

Flash Point: N/A

LEL: N/A UEL: N/A

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD: Use water spray to cool unopened containers if necessary to prevent BLEVE (Boiling Liquid Expanding Vapor Explosion). Emits toxic fumes (hydrogen fluoride) under fire conditions. (See also Stability and Reactivity section).

HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS: Under fire conditions toxic fumes should be anticipated.

FIRE FIGHTING: See also Stability and Reactivity section.

**FIRE EQUIPMENT:** Wear self-contained, approved breathing apparatus and full protective clothing (including eye protection and boots).

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**SPILL/LEAK:** Follow your companies established procedures for reporting and/or responding to Chemical incidents. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. See section 8 for recommendations on the use of personal protective equipment.

SDS Revision: 07 Generated: 06-15-2015 Page **4** of **9** 

**SMALL SPILL:** Stop leak if without risk. Neutralize spill with sodium bicarbonate or lime. Absorb spill with non-combustible absorbent material, then place in a suitable container for disposal. Clean surfaces thoroughly with water to remove residual contamination. Dispose of all waste and cleanup materials in accordance with regulations.

**LARGE SPILL:** No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Stop leak if without risk. Prevent spillage from entering drains and/or waterways. Any release to the environment may be subject to federal/national or local reporting requirements.

### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**HANDLING PRECAUTIONS:** Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid formation of aerosols.

**STORAGE:** Keep container closed when not in use. Store in cool, dry well ventilated area. Keep away from incompatible materials (see section 10 for incompatibilities). Protect from excessive heat and/or freezing.

**REGULATORY:** Do not store in unlabeled containers.

See section 8 for recommendations on the use of personal protective equipment.

### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Chemical Name / CAS No.	OSHA Exposure Limits	ACGIH Exposure Limits	Other Exposure Limits
Hydrofluoric acid 7664-39-3 < 10 %	3 ppm TWA (as F)	2 ppm Ceiling (as F) 0.5 ppm TWA (as F)	NIOSH: 3 ppm TWA; 2.5 mg/m3 TWA 6 ppm Ceiling (15 min); 5 mg/m3 Ceiling (15 min)
Sulfuric acid 7664-93-9 < 20%	1 mg/m3 TWA	0.2 mg/m3 TWA (thoracic fraction)	NIOSH: 1 mg/m3 TWA
Phosphoric acid 7664-38-2 ≤ 5%	1 mg/m3 TWA	3 mg/m3 STEL 1 mg/m3 TWA	NIOSH: 1 mg/m3 TWA 3 mg/m3 STEL
*Trade Secret/Proprietary Blend < 9 %	N/A	N/A	N/A
Water 7732-18-5 Balance %	N/A	N/A	N/A

<sup>\*</sup>The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret: As per paragraph (i) of 29 CFR 1910.1200, formulation could be considered a trade secret and specific chemical identity and exact percentage (concentration) of composition may have been withheld. Specific chemical identity and exact percentage composition will be provided to health professionals, employees, or designated representatives in accordance with applicable provisions of paragraph (i).

TWA: Time Weighted Average over 8 hours of work. TLV: Threshold Limit Value over 8 hours of work.

REL: Recommended Exposure Limit

SDS Revision: 07 Generated: 06-15-2015 Page **5** of **9** 

PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit during x minutes. IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health

CEIL: Ceiling

**ENGINEERING CONTROLS:** Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn.

**VENTILATION:** Use only with adequate ventilation.

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

**ADMINISTRATIVE CONTROLS:** No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. **Other Recommendations:** Provide eyewash stations, quick-drench showers and washing facilities accessible to areas of use and handling. Have supplies and equipment for neutralization and running water available. HF antidote gel for skin burns or other solutions discussed in Section 4, First Aid.

### PROTECTIVE GEAR:

**Eye protection:** Wear safety goggles if eye contact is possible (face shield recommended if splashing is possible).

<u>Hand protection:</u> Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

<u>Body Protection:</u> Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other Skin Protection: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory Protection: If needed, use a properly fitted, air-purifying or supplied air respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

**CONTAMINATED GEAR:** Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

**NOTE:** These physical data are typical values based on material tested but may vary from sample to sample. Typical values should not be construed as a guaranteed analysis of any specific lot or as specifications for the product.

Appearance: Liquid Odor: Acrid

Auto-ignition temperature: No Data Available Decomposition temperature: No Data Available

SDS Revision: 07 Generated: 06-15-2015 Page 6 of 9

> Viscosity: No Data Available Grams VOC less water: No Data Available

Vapor Pressure: No Data Available Odor threshold: No Data Specific Gravity: 1.1 Vapor Density: No Data Available

Melting point: No Data Available Freezing point: No Data Available

Solubility: Completely soluble in water Boiling range: No Data Available Flash point: No Data Available Evaporation rate: No Data Available

Flammability: No Data Available Explosive Limits: No Data Available

Partition coefficient: No Data Available pH: < 1

(n-octanol/water)

### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Under normal conditions of storage and handling, this Product is: STABLE

INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS: Bases, organic material, metals, glass, ceramics, aluminum, stainless steel, carbonates, cyanides, sulfides. Reacts violently with acetic anhydride, ammonium hydroxide, arsenic trioxide, calcium oxide, potassium permanganate, sodium, sodium hydroxide.

Attacks glass and other silicon-containing compounds

Reacts with silica to produce silicon tetrafluoride, a hazardous, colorless gas.

On contact with metals, liberates hydrogen gas.

Violent reaction with strong bases can occur.

### HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION:

Thermal decomposition may release toxic fumes of fluorides.

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### **Mixture Toxicity**

Dermal Toxicity LD50: 98mg/kg

Inhalation Toxicity LC50: 3mg/L

### Component Toxicity

664-39-3 Hydrofluoric Acid

> Respiratory: LC50- rat- 1 hour: 2240-2340 ppm Ingestion: LD100- guinea pig- 80 mg/kg

7664-93-9 Sulfuric Acid

ORAL acute (LD50): 2140 mg/kg (Rat)

Respiratory acute: (LC50, 2 hours): 510 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (Rat)

7664-38-2 Phosphoric acid

Oral LD50: 1,530 mg/kg (Rat) Dermal LD50: 2,740 mg/kg (Rabbit)

OSHA Hazards: Target organ effect, Toxic by inhalation, Highly toxic by ingestion, Highly toxic by skin absorption, Corrosive

Target Organs: Liver / Kidney / Blood / Eyes / Central Nervous System /Skin / Respiratory System

SDS Revision: 07 Generated: 06-15-2015 Page 7 of 9

Effects of Overexposure: Note: Causes severe burns. Chronic Health Hazard

<u>CARCINOGENICITY:</u> The following chemicals comprise 0.1 % or more of this mixture and are listed and/or classified as carcinogens or potential carcinogens by NPT, IARC, OSHA (mandatory listing), or ACGIH (optional listing): None Listed

Note: The component toxicity data is populated by the LOLI database and may differ from the product toxicity data given.

# 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The information given is based on data available for the material, the components of the material, and similar materials (if any).

# Component Ecotoxicity

Sulfuric acid

96 Hr LC50 Brachydanio rerio: >500 mg/L [static]

Hydrofluoric acid

48 Hr EC50 Daphnia species: 270 mg/L

### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

If this product becomes a waste, it may likely meet the criteria of a hazardous waste as defined under 40 CFR 261.

D002: Waste Corrosive material [pH <=2 or =>12.5, or corrosive to steel]

Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner.

Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State, and Local regulations.

# 14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

<u>Important Note:</u> The data provided in this section is for information only. Please apply the appropriate regulations to properly classify your shipment for transportation. As shipping descriptions may vary based on mode of transport, quantities, package size, and/or origin / destination. Consult your company's Hazardous Materials/Dangerous Goods expert for information specific to your situation.

For small quantities packed in combination packaging, exceptions may apply.

For emergency transportation information, in the United States: call CHEMTREC at 800-424-9300

Agency<br/>DOT (US)Proper Shipping Name<br/>Corrosive Liquids, Toxic, N.O.S.UN Number<br/>UN2922Packing Group<br/>IIHazard Class<br/>8 (6.1)

(Sulfuric Acid, Hydrofluoric Acid)

### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

The following chemicals are reportable under Pennsylvania Right to Know:

7664-39-3 Hydrofluoric acid

7664-93-9 Sulfuric acid

7664-38-2 Phosphoric acid

SDS Revision: 07 Generated: 06-15-2015 Page 8 of 9

State of California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): WARNING! This product contains the following chemicals which are listed by the State of California as carcinogenic or a reproductive toxin: NONE LISTED

United States inventory (TSCA): All components are listed or exempted.

**SARA 302 Components**: The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 302: Hydrofluoric acid 7664-39-3

SARA 311/312 Hazards: Acute Health Hazard

Chronic Health Hazard

Reactive

**SARA 313 Components:** The following listed components (if any) are subject to the Supplier Notification Requirement found in 40 CFR 372.45 (c 4); a part of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986. SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

7664-39-3 Hydrofluoric acid ≤ 10% 7664-93-9 Sulfuric acid < 15%

# 16. OTHER INFORMATION

### Hazardous Material Information System (HMIS)

# **HMIS & NFPA Hazard Rating**

# HEALTH \* 4 FLAMMABILITY 0 PHYSICAL HAZARD 1 PERSONAL PROTECTION X

Legend

\* = Chronic Health Hazard

0 = INSIGNIFICANT

1 = SLIGHT

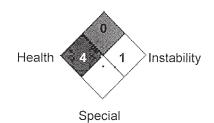
2 = MODERATE

3 = HIGH

4=Extreme

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)

Flammability



Date Prepared: 6/15/2015 Date revised: 2015-06-15

Reviewer Revision 7

Disclaimer: 1st Ayd Corporation believes that the information herein is factual but is not intended to be all inclusive.

The information relates only to the specific material designated and does not relate to its use in combination with other materials or its use as to any particular process. Because safety standards and regulations are subject to change and because 1st Ayd Corporation has no continuing control over the material, those handling, storing or using the material should satisfy themselves that they have current information regarding the particular way the material is handled, stored or used and that the same is done in accordance with federal, state and local law. 1st Ayd Corporation MAKES NO WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING (WITHOUT LIMITATION) WARRANTIES WITH RESPECT TO THE COMPLETENESS OR CONTINUING ACCURACY OF THE INFORMATION CONTAÎNED HEREIN OR WITH RESPECT TO FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR USE.

SDS Revision: 07 Generated: 06-15-2015 Page **9** of **9**